HEALTH QUESTIONNAIRE

NAME		Given Name	Mid	Chart No.		
Surname		Given Name	Initi			Ti.
			ARK YES OR NO ain leave blank)			
		[E] [a			, Y	ES NO
Are you being treated for any med six months?						
If so, what is the condition being to	•					
Are you taking any medication at If so, what?	7.8					
3. Has there been any change in you			26		32	
If so, explain.	-		7.6			
Have you ever been seriously ill?						
If so, what was the problem?						
5. Have you ever been hospitalized?				10		
If so, what was the problem?						
6. Are you thirsty much of the time?7. Do you urinate more than six time						
Do you trimate more than six time B. Do you have or have you ever						
.o. Do you have of have you ever	nad any o	IIIE IOIIOWII	ıy :	## C		
	Yes	No			7 Y	'es No
Diabetes			Thyroid	Condition		
Jaundice			Tubercu	ılosis		
Severe sore mouth			Venerea	l disease		
Asthma	• •		Heart at	tack		
Hay fever			Stroke .			
Hives			Heart m	urmur		
Hepatitis	• •		High blo	ood pressure	··;····· —	
Sinus trouble			Chest pa	ain		
Liver Disease			Shortne	ss of breath	······· —	
Reaction to local anesthetic			Rheuma	itic Fever		
(freezing)			Epilepsy	/		
Prolonged bleeding after cut			Kidney o	disorders		
Arthritis	• •	_	Stomach	h ulcers		
Psychological or psychiatric disorder		<u> </u>	Allergy (to drugs		
HIV nos			Drug	Name:		

PAG	GE 3				YES	NO
9.	Have you ever ha	d radiation therap	y?			
	If yes, when?					
10.				-		
				·		
11.						
12.	Have you had in t	he past or do you	currently have ar	ny disease, condition or problem not listed above		
	that we should kn	ow about?				
	If so, explain.					
SIG	NATURE OF PAT	TENT/GUARDIAN	l	Date		
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RE	LATIONSHIP TO F	PATIENT				
	e e					
	Reviewed by	Instructor	Date	Changes		
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- c) Pain: low degree of pain during or following the injection is sometimes unavoidable.
- d) Edema (swelling): of the tissues can be associated with trauma, infection, allergy, hemorrhage.
- e) Prolonged anesthesia in the area affected by a nerve: the most likely cause is a bruise into the nerve upon needle insertion. This is usually unpreventable due to the variable position of nerves in each individual patient and due to the fact that the exact area of needle insertion into soft mobile tissues cannot be controlled with extreme precision even if the location of a nerve were exact.

Damage to a nerve may cause prolonged anesthesia and possible local irritation (tingling or pain) for days, sometimes for months and very rarely permanently.

- f) Hematoma (bruise): is an accumulation of blood into surrounding tissue as a result of a damaged blood vessel. Generally without severe consequence other than a discoloration of the skin that may persist for a few days or up to a few weeks.
- g) Infection: secondary infection may follow an injection in the mouth if infection is present or even due to the fact that the mouth is never a sterile area.
- h) Broken needle or carpule: extremely rare but may happen.
- i) Bizarre nerve symptoms: In rare occasions unexplained neurological symptoms may occur following the insertion of a needle and the injection of a solution in a given area. Patients may exhibit facial paralysis, muscular weakness, temporary blindness.

III Medically compromised patients and local anesthesia:

- local anesthesia agents may interact with medication taken by patients. It is most important for you to inform us of the medications you are taking for treatment of your medical conditions or of any known medical problems affecting you.
- local anesthesia agents may interact with a known or unknown medical condition and may create possible unpredictable reactions. Stress involved in the dental treatment may also be important in creating problems with a medical condition.

Consent:

• I certify that I have read and fully understand the above information on local anesthetics and consent to the administration of local anesthetics as may be considered necessary or advisable by those dentists under whose care I place myself/the patient or my dependants under 18. This consent will remain valid until revoked in writing by the patient or by children becoming 18 years old.

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